

## Transliteration–Telugu

Transliteration as per Modified Harvard-Kyoto (HK) Convention  
(including Telugu letters – Short e, Short o) -

a A i I u U  
R RR IR IRR  
e E ai o O au M (H or :)

(e – short | E – Long | o – short | O – Long)

k kh g gh n/G  
c ch j jh n/J  
T Th D Dh N  
t th d dh n  
p ph b bh m  
y r l L v  
S sh s h

(jn – as in jnAna)

### **varadA navanItASa-rAgapanjaraM**

In the kRti ‘varadA navanItASa’ – rAga rAgapanjaraM, SrI tyAgarAja extols the Lord.

P varadA <sup>1</sup>navanIt(A)Sa pAhi  
vara dAnava mada <sup>2</sup>nASa Ehi

A Sara-d(A)bha kara vidhRta  
Sar(<sup>3</sup>A)Sara-d(A)Suga suma Sara-d(A)Sa rahita (vara)

C dvirad(A)dbhuta gamana pura dahana nuta  
sphurad-AbharaN(A)jar(A)vana para  
gara-d(A)Sana turaga ratha <sup>4</sup>dyuti jita  
vara dAsa jan(A)grEsara tyAgarAja (vara)

#### Gist

O Bestower of boons! O Lord who is fond of fresh butter! O Excellent Lord who destroyed the arrogance of the demons!

O Lord who resembles rain-cloud! O Lord who wields arrows in His hands! O Wind that blows away clouds called demons! O Father of Cupid! O Lord bereft of desires!

O Lord who has a wonderful gait like that of an elephant! O Lord praised by Lord Siva! O Lord wearing lustrous ornaments! O Lord who is best in protecting celestials! O Lord who has garuDa as carrier which moves fast! O Lord who has conquered (the minds of) the blessed eminent devotees by his splendour! O Bestower of boons to this tyAgarAja!

Please protect me; please come near.

#### Word-by-word Meaning

P O Bestower of boons (varadA)! O Lord who is fond (ASa) of fresh butter (navanIta) (navanItASa)! Please protect (pAhi) me;

O Excellent (vara) Lord who destroyed (nASa) the arrogance (mada) of the demons (dAnava)! Please come near (Ehi).

A        O Lord who resembles (Abha) rain-cloud (Sara-da) (SaradAbha)! O Lord who wields (vidhRta) arrows (Sara) in His hands (kara)! O Wind (ASuga) that blows away clouds (da) called demons (ASara) (SarASaradASuga)!

          O Father (da) (literally producer) of Cupid – One who has flower (suma) arrows (Sara)! O Lord bereft (rahita) of desires (ASa) (SaradASa)!

          O Bestower of boons! O Lord who is fond of fresh butter! Please protect me; O Excellent Lord who destroyed the arrogance of the demons! Please come near.

C        O Lord who has a wonderful (adbhuta) gait (gamana) like that of an elephant – the twin-tusked (dvirada) (dviradAdbhuta)! O Lord praised (nuta) by Lord Siva – one who burnt to ashes (dahana) the three fortresses (pura)!

          O Lord wearing lustrous (sphurat) ornaments (AbharaNa)! O Lord who is best (para) in protecting (avana) celestials (ajara) (literally who have no old age) (sphuradAbharaNAjarAvana)!

          O Lord who has garuDa – eater (aSana) of snakes – having poison (gara-da) (garadASana) – as carrier (ratha) (literally chariot) which moves fast (turaga)!

          O Lord who has conquered (jita) (the minds of) the blessed (vara) eminent (agrEsara) devotees (dAsa jana) (janAgrEsara) by his splendour (dyuti)!

          O Bestower of boons to this tyAgarAja! Lord who is fond of fresh butter! Please protect me; O Excellent Lord who destroyed the arrogance of the demons! Please come near.

Notes –

Variations –

<sup>1</sup> – navanItASa – navnItASA.

<sup>2</sup> – nASa – nASA.

References –

Comments -

<sup>3</sup> – ASaradASuga (ASara+da+ASuga)– Sri tyAgarAja, in many kRtis uses 'ASara' to mean 'demons'; similarly he uses 'ASuga' to mean 'wind'. In the book 'Compositions of Tyagaraja' by Sri TK Govinda Rao, this epithet seems to have been translated as 'wind that dispels the clouds of rAkshasas'. In order to have such a meaning, a word to mean 'cloud' should be there. But there seems to be no such meaning to the word 'da'. If it is 'Sara-da' (ASara+Sara-da+ASuga), then only it would be correct to derive such a meaning. Is word 'Sara' missing here?

'da' means 'to cut off'; if it is taken in that sense, then 'ASuga' does not seem to fit. 'Wind that cuts off demons' does not seem to be appropriate.

'ASuga' also means 'arrow'. In that sense, it is possible to interpret as 'one whose arrows (ASuga) cut off (da) demons (ASara)'.

Therefore, the epithet seems to be doubtful.

<sup>4</sup> – dyuti jita vara dAsa janAgrEsara – In keeping with translation as given in the ibid book, this has been translated as 'one who has won the hearts of his great devotees by his splendour'. But, 'dyuti jita' is always attached to an object like 'moon' which is compared to the 'face' or 'body'. There is some doubt about this epithet also.

General – According to Grouping of kRtis in the ibid book, this kRti seems to have been sung on kAnci varadarAja.

### **Devanagari**

- प. वरदा नवनी(ता)श पाहि  
वर दानव मद नाश एहि  
अ. शर(दा)भ कर विधृत  
श(रा)शर(दा)शुग सुम शर(दा)श रहित (वर)  
च. द्विर(दा)द्वुत गमन पुर दहन नुत  
स्फुर(दा)भर(णा)ज(रा)वन पर  
गर(दा)शन तुरग रथ द्युति जित  
वर दास ज(ना)ग्रेसर त्यागराज (वर)

### **English with Special Characters**

- pa. varadā navanī(tā)śa pāhi  
vara dānava mada nāśa ēhi  
a. śara(dā)bha kara vidhṛta  
śa(rā)śara(dā)śuga suma śara(dā)śa rahita (vara)  
ca. dvira(dā)dbhuta gamana pura dahana nuta  
sphura(dā)bhara(ṇā)ja(rā)vana para  
gara(dā)śana turaga ratha dyuti jita  
vara dāsa ja(nā)grēsara tyāgarāja (vara)

### **Telugu**

- ప. వరదా నవనీ(తా)శ పాహి  
వర దానవ మద నాశ ఏహి  
అ. శర(దా)భ కర విధృత  
శ(రా)శర(దా)శుగ సుమ శర(దా)శ రహిత (వర)  
చ. ద్విర(దా)ద్వుత గమన పుర దహన నుత  
స్ఫుర(దా)భర(ణా)జ(రా)వన పర  
గర(దా)శన తురగ రథ ద్యుతి జిత  
వర దాస జ(నా)గ్రేసర త్యాగరాజ (వర)

## **Tamil**

ப. வரதா<sup>3</sup> நவநீ(தா)ஸ் பாஹி  
வர தா<sup>3</sup>னவ மத<sup>3</sup> நாஸ் ஏஹி  
அ. ஸர(தா<sup>3</sup>)ப<sup>4</sup> கர வித்து<sup>4</sup>ருத  
ஸரா)ஸர(தா<sup>3</sup>)ஸக<sup>3</sup> ஸம ஸர(தா<sup>3</sup>)ஸ் ரஹித (வர)  
ச. த<sup>3</sup>விர(தா<sup>3</sup>)த்<sup>3</sup>பு<sup>4</sup>த க<sup>3</sup>மன புர த<sup>3</sup>ஹன நுத  
ஸ்டுர(தா<sup>3</sup>)ப<sup>4</sup>ர(ணா)ஜூ(ரா)வன பர  
க<sup>3</sup>ர(தா<sup>3</sup>)ஸன துரக<sup>3</sup> ரத<sup>2</sup> த<sup>3</sup>யுதி ஜித  
வர தா<sup>3</sup>ஸ் ஜூ(ணா)க<sup>3</sup>ரேஸர த்யாக<sup>3</sup>ராஜூ (வர)

வரதா! வெண்ணெய் விரும்புவோனே! காப்பாய்;  
அரக்கரின் செருக்கினையழித்த மேலோனே! அருகில் வாராய்

முகில் வண்ணா! கையில் அம்பேந்துவோனே!  
அரக்கரெனும் முகிலை விரட்டும் புயலே! மலர்க் கணையோனை  
யீன்றோனே! இச்சைகளற்றோனே!

வரதா! வெண்ணெய் விரும்புவோனே! காப்பாய்;  
அரக்கரின் செருக்கினையழித்த மேலோனே! அருகில் வாராய்

வியத்தகு களிறு நடையோனே! புரமெரித்தோனால் போற்றப் பெற்றோனே!  
சுடர்விடும் அணிகலன்களோனே! மூப்பற்றோரைக் காப்பதில் வல்லவேனே!  
நச்சரவுண்போனின் விரைவுத் தேரோனே! தன்னொளியினால்  
தலையாய் தொண்டர்களின் (மனத்தினை) வென்றோனே! தியாகராசனின்

வரதா! வெண்ணெய் விரும்புவோனே! காப்பாய்;  
அரக்கரின் செருக்கினையழித்த மேலோனே! அருகில் வாராய்

மலர்க் கணையோன் - மன்மதன்  
மூப்பற்றோர் - வானவர்  
நச்சரவுண்போன் - கருடன்

## **Kannada**

ಪ. ವರದಾ ನವನೀ(ತಾ)ಶಿ ಪಾಹಿ

ವರ ದಾನವ ಮದ ನಾಶ ಷಹಿ

ಅ. ಶರ(ದಾ)ಭಿ ಕರ ವಿಧೃತ

ಶ(ರಾ)ಶರ(ದಾ)ಳಿಗ ಸುಮ ಶರ(ದಾ)ಶಿ ರಹಿತ (ವರ)

ಚ. ದ್ವಿರ(ದಾ)ಧೃತ ಗಮನ ಪುರ ದಹನ ನುತ

ಸ್ವರ(ದಾ)ಭರ(ಣಾ)ಜ(ರಾ)ವನ ಪರ

ಗರ(ದಾ)ಶನ ತುರಗ ರಥ ಧೃತಿ ಜಿತ

ವರ ದಾಸ ಜ(ನಾ)ಗ್ರೇಸರ ತ್ಯಾಗರಾಜ (ವರ)

## **Malayalam**

- പ. വരദാ നവനീ(താ)ശ പാഹി  
 വര ഓനവ മദ നാശ ഏഹി  
 അ. ശര(ഭാ)ഭ കര വിയൃത  
 ശ(രാ)ശര(ഭാ)ശുഗ സുമ ശര(ഭാ)ശ തഹിത (വര)  
 ച. ദിവിര(ഭാ)ഡ്രൂത ഗമന പുര ഓഹന നൃത  
 സ്ഥ്യൂത(ഭാ)ഭര(ണാ)ജ(രാ)വന പര  
 ശര(ഭാ)ശന തുരഗ രമ ദ്യുതി ജിത  
 വര ഓസ ജ(നാ)ഗ്രേഗസര ത്യാഗരാജ (വര)

## **Assamese**

- প. ବରଦା ନବନୀ(ତା)ଶ ପାହି  
 ବର ଦାନର ମଦ ନାଶ ଏହି  
 ଅ. ଶର(ଦା)ଭ କର ବିଧିତ  
 ଶ(ବା)ଶର(ଦା)ଶୁଗ ସୁମ ଶର(ଦା)ଶ ବହିତ (ବର)  
 ଚ. ଦିବିର(ଦା)ଡ୍ରୂତ ଗମନ ପୁର ଦହନ ନୁତ  
 ସ୍ଫୁର(ଦା)ଭର(ଣା)ଜ(ବା)ରନ ପର  
 ଗର(ଦା)ଶନ ତୁରଗ ବଥ ଦୟୁତି ଜିତ  
 ବର ଦାସ ଜ(ନା)ଗ୍ରେସର ଆୟାଗରାଜ (ବର)

## **Bengali**

- প. ବରଦା ନବନୀ(ତା)ଶ ପାହି  
 ବର ଦାନବ ମଦ ନାଶ ଏହି  
 ଅ. ଶର(ଦା)ଭ କର ବିଧିତ  
 ଶ(ବା)ଶର(ଦା)ଶୁଗ ସୁମ ଶର(ଦା)ଶ ରହିତ (ବର)  
 ଚ. ଦିବିର(ଦା)ଡ୍ରୂତ ଗମନ ପୁର ଦହନ ନୁତ  
 ସ୍ଫୁର(ଦା)ଭର(ଣା)ଜ(ବା)ରନ ପର  
 ଗର(ଦା)ଶନ ତୁରଗ ରଥ ଦୟୁତି ଜିତ  
 ବର ଦାସ ଜ(ନା)ଗ୍ରେସର ଆୟାଗରାଜ (ବର)

## **Gujarati**

- પ. વરદા નવની(તા)શ પાહિ

ਵਰ ਦਾਨਵ ਮੁਦ ਨਾਸ਼ ਏਹਿ  
 ਅ. ਸ਼ਾਰ(ਦਾ)ਮ ਕਰ ਵਿਧੂਤ  
 ਸ਼(ਰਾ)ਸਾਰ(ਦਾ)ਸੁਗ ਸੁਮ ਸ਼ਾਰ(ਦਾ)ਸਾ ਰਹਿਤ (ਵਰ)  
 ਚ. ਫਿਰ(ਦਾ)ਫ਼ਭੂਤ ਗਮਨ ਪੁਰ ਦਹਨ ਨੁਤ  
 ਸਕੂਰ(ਦਾ)ਭਰ(ਣਾ)ਜ(ਰਾ)ਵਨ ਪਰ  
 ਗਰ(ਦਾ)ਸਾਨ ਤੁਰਗ ਰਥ ਘੁਤਿ ਜਿਤ  
 ਵਰ ਦਾਸ ਜ(ਨਾ)ਗੈਸਰ ਤਾਗਰਾਜ (ਵਰ)

### **Oriya**

ਪ. ਝੇਰਦਾ ਨਿਖਲੀ(ਤਾ)ਗ ਪਾਛਿ  
 ਝੇਰ ਦਾਨਖ ਮਦ ਨਾਗ ਏਹਿ  
 ਅ. ਸ਼ਿਰ(ਦਾ)ਭ ਕਰ ਝਿਧੂਤ  
 ਗ(ਰਾ)ਸਿਰ(ਦਾ)ਸ੍ਰੂਗ ਬ੍ਰੂਮ ਸ਼ਿਰ(ਦਾ)ਗ ਰਹਿਤ (ਝੇਰ)  
 ਚ. ਦਖਿਰ(ਦਾ)ਭੂਤ ਗਮਨ ਪੂਰ ਦਹਨ ਨੂਤ  
 ਝੂਰ(ਦਾ)ਭਰ(ਣਾ)ਜ(ਰਾ)ਖਿਨ ਪਰ  
 ਗਰ(ਦਾ)ਸਨ ਤੂਰਗ ਰਥ ਦ੍ਰਿਤੀ ਜਿਤ  
 ਝੇਰ ਦਾਸ ਜ(ਨਾ)ਗੈਸਰ ਤਾਗਰਾਜ (ਝੇਰ)

### **Punjabi**

ਪ. ਵਰਦਾ ਨਵਨੀ(ਤਾ)ਸ ਪਾਹਿ  
 ਵਰ ਦਾਨਵ ਮਦ ਨਾਸ਼ ਏਹਿ  
 ਅ. ਸਰ(ਦਾ)ਭ ਕਰ ਵਿਧਿਤ  
 ਸ(ਰਾ)ਸਰ(ਦਾ)ਸੁਗ ਸੁਮ ਸਰ(ਦਾ)ਸ ਰਹਿਤ (ਵਰ)  
 ਚ. ਦਿੱਰ(ਦਾ)ਦਭੁਤ ਗਮਨ ਪੁਰ ਦਹਨ ਨੁਤ  
 ਸਫ਼ਰ(ਦਾ)ਭਰ(ਣਾ)ਜ(ਰਾ)ਵਨ ਪਰ  
 ਗਰ(ਦਾ)ਸਨ ਤੁਰਗ ਰਥ ਦਜ਼ਤਿ ਜਿਤ  
 ਵਰ ਦਾਸ ਜ(ਨਾ)ਗੈਸਰ ਤਾਗਰਾਜ (ਵਰ)