# Transliteration-Telugu

Transliteration as per Modified Harvard-Kyoto (HK) Convention (including Telugu letters – Short e, Short o) -

```
a A i I u U
R RR IR IRR
e E ai o O au M (H or :)

(e - short | E - Long | o - short | O - Long)

k kh g gh n/G
c ch j jh n/J (jn - as in jnAna)
T Th D Dh N
t th d dh n
p ph b bh m
y r l L v
S sh s h
```

### gItArthamu-suraTi

In the kRti 'gIthArthamu' – rAga suraTi, SrI tyAgarAja praises AnjanEya.

- P <sup>1</sup>gIt(A)rthamu <sup>2</sup>sangIt(A)nandamun-(<sup>3</sup>I) tAvuna jUDarA O manasA
- A sItA pati caraN(A)bjamul(i)Dukonna <sup>4</sup>vAt(A)tmajuniki bAga telusurA (gItA)
- C <sup>5</sup>hari hara bhAskara kAl(A)di karmamul-(a)nu matamula <sup>6</sup>marmamulan(e)ringina hari vara rUpuDu <sup>7</sup>hari haya vinutuDu vara tyAgarAja varaduDu <sup>8</sup>sukhirA (gItA)

Gist

O My Mind!

Behold in this place the true meaning of SrImad-bhagavad-gItA and the bliss attained through music.

These (meaning of gItA and the bliss attained through music) are well known to AnjanEya who is holding in his hands the Feet lotuses of Lord SrI rAma.

```
AnjanEya —

who is of the form of blessed monkey,
who is praised by indra,
who is the bestower of boons to this blessed tyAgarAja, and
who knows the secrets of the (formal) worship called sects of vishNu,
Siva, Sun, Sakti etc., -
is happy (having known the fact and practising it).
```

Word-by-word meaning

- P O My Mind (manasA)! Behold (jUDarA) in this (I) place (tAvuna) the true meaning (arthamu) of SrImad-bhagavad-gItA (gItArthamu) and the bliss (Anandamunu) attained through music (sangIta) (sangItAnandamunI).
- A These (meaning of gItA and the bliss attained through music) are well (bAga) known (telusurA) to AnjanEya the son (Atmaja) of vAyu (vAta) (vAtAtmaja) (vAtAtmajuniki) who is holding (iDukonna) in his hands the Feet (caraNa) lotuses (abjamulu) (caraNAbjamuliDukonna) of Lord SrI rAma Consort (pati) of sItA;
- O My Mind! Behold in this place the true meaning of SrImad-bhagavad-gItA and the bliss attained through music.

#### C AnjanEya –

who is of the form (rUpuDu) of blessed (vara) monkey (hari),

who is praised (vinutuDu) by indra – one who has golden (hari) horse (haya),

who is the bestower of boons (varaduDu) to this blessed (vara) tyAgarAja, and

who knows (eringina) the secrets (marmamulanu) (marmamulaneringina) of the (formal) worship (karmamulu) (literally actions) called (anu) sects (matamula) of vishNu (hari), Siva (hara), Sun (bhAskara), Sakti (kAla) etc. (Adi) (kAlAdi) -

(He) is happy (sukhirA) (literally comfortable) (having known the fact and practising it);

O My Mind! Behold in this place the true meaning of SrImad-bhagavad-gItA and the bliss attained through music.

#### Notes -

Variations –

- <sup>6</sup> marmamulaneringina marmamuleringina.
- $^{7}-$  hari haya hara haya : As the meaning derived is 'indra', 'hari haya' is the correct word.

#### References -

 $^{1}$  – gItArthamu – The following verses are considered the epitome of SrImad-bhagavad-gIta – (Chapter 18) –

man-manA bhava mad-bhaktO mad-yAjI mAM namaskuru | mAm-Evaishyasi satyaM tE pratijAnE priyO(a)si mE || sarva-dharmAn-parityajya mAm-EkaM SaraNaM vraja | ahaM tvA sarva-pApEbhyO mOkshayishyAmi mA SucaH || 65, 66 ||

"Occupy thy mind with Me, be devoted to Me, sacrifice to Me, bow down to Me. Thou shalt reach Myself; truly do I promise unto thee, (for) thou art dear to me.

Relinquishing all Dharmas take refuge in Me alone; I will liberate thee from all sins; grieve not." (Translation by Swami Swarupananda)

<sup>2</sup> – sangItAnandamu – in the kRti 'sangIta jnAnamu' – rAga dhanyAsi,
 SrI tyAgarAja states AnjanEya worships (upAsincE) music.

Regarding musical talents of Anjan Eya, there is a reference in the website (Tamil) referred below -

```
அசல முருகக் குண்டகக் கிரியாவெனும்
இராகம் பாடி யடக்கி மேலும்
சன்னிய ராக மாறாயிரஞ் சமைத்ததற்
கனும கடக மெனும்பெய ரணிந்தனன். ....45
```

"For subduing the pride of disputants, hanumAn, to the melting of mountain, sang a rAga called 'guNDaga kriya', and quelled them; further, he created six thousand janya rAgas and named them as 'hanuma kataka' (or attained the name 'hanuma kataka')"

http://www.tamilnation.org/literature/pmunicode/mp119.htm

- $^4-\rm vAtAtjmajuniki$ telusu During war of mahAbhArata, AnjanEya was in the flag of arjuna's chariot driven by SrI kRshNa and listened when the Lord propounded gItA. Please refer to SrImad-bhagavad-gItA, Chapter 1, verse 20 'kapi dvajaH'.
- <sup>5</sup> hari hara bhAskara kAla Adi This refers to pancAyatana pUja Worship of vishNu, Siva, Sun, Sakti and gaNESa. The order of placement of the deities for pUja varies from sect to sect. Please visit the website for details <a href="http://www.advaita-vedanta.org/articles/panchayatana\_puja.htm">http://www.advaita-vedanta.org/articles/panchayatana\_puja.htm</a>

Subsequently, this was modified by Adi Sankara as shaNmatha pUja including the worship of Lord subrahmaNya (kaumAra).

#### Comments -

- $^3$  I tAvuna –'This place' In some books, this has been taken to mean 'SrI rAma'. However, in my opinion, 'this place' means 'the act of AnjanEya holding the feet of the Lord total surrender which is the meaning of gItA (gItArthamu)'.
  - <sup>5</sup> kAla This refers to Sakti kAlI (the feminine form of kAla)
- $^{\rm 6}$  marmamulu The following verse from SrImad-bhagavad-gItA (Chapter 3) is relevant —

yajnArthAt-karmaNO-(a)nyatra lOkO-(a)yaM karma bandhanaH | tad-arthaM karma kauntEya mukta sangaH samAcara || 9 ||

"The world is bound by actions other than those performed for the sake of yajna; do thou, therefore, O son of kuntI, perform action for yajna alone, devoid of attachment." (yajna also means vishNu). (Translation by Swami Swarupananda)

8 – sukhirA – The following episode from the story of AnjanEya illustrates the comfort derived by him – Source – <a href="http://www.sivanandadlshq.org/religions/hanuman.htm">http://www.sivanandadlshq.org/religions/hanuman.htm</a>

"The coronation ceremony of Lord Rama was celebrated with great éclat and pomp. Sita gave Hanuman a necklace of pearls of rare quality. Hanuman received it with great respect and began to break the pearls with his teeth. Sita and other ministers who were sitting in the council hall were quite astonished at this queer act of Hanuman.

Sita asked Hanuman, 'O mighty hero, what are you doing? Why do you break the pearls?' Sri Hanuman said, 'O venerable mother, it is the most valuable

necklace indeed as it has come to me through thy holy hand. But I want to find out whether any of the pearls contain my beloved Lord Rama. I do not keep a thing devoid of him. I do not find him in any of the pearls.'

Sita asked, 'Tell me whether you keep Lord Rama within you.' Sri Hanuman immediately tore open his heart and showed it to Sri Rama, Sita and others. They all found Lord Rama accompanied by Sita in the heart of Sri Hanuman."

### Devanagari

- प. गी(ता)र्थमु संगी(ता)नन्दमु-(नी) तावुन जूडरा ओ मनसा
- अ. सीता पित चर(णा)ब्जमु(लि)डुकोन्न वा(ता)त्मजुनिकि बाग तेलुसुरा (गीता)
- च. हिर हर भास्कर का(ला)दि कर्ममु(ल)नु मतमुल मर्ममुल(ने)रिंगिन हिर वर रूपुडु हिर हय विनुतुडु वर त्यागराज वरदुडु सुखिरा (गीता)

## **English with Special Characters**

- pa. gī(tā)rthamu saṅgī(tā)nandamu-(nī) tāvuna jūḍarā ō manasā
- a. sītā pati cara(ṇā)bjamu(li)ḍukonna vā(tā)tmajuniki bāga telusurā (gītā)
- ca. hari hara bhāskara kā(lā)di
  karmamu(la)nu matamula marmamula(ne)ringina
  hari vara rūpuḍu hari haya vinutuḍu
  vara tyāgarāja varaduḍu sukhirā (gitā)

# Telugu

- ప. గీ(తా)ర్థము సంగీ(తా)నన్దము-(నీ) తావున జూడరా ఓ మనసా
- అ. సీతా పతి చర(ణా)బ్జము(లి)డుకొన్న వా(తా)త్మజునికి బాగ తెలుసురా (గీతా)
- చ. హరి హర భాస్కర కా(లా)ది

కర్మము(ల)ను మతముల మర్మముల(నె)రింగిన హరి వర రూపుడు హరి హయ వినుతుడు వర త్యాగరాజ వరదుడు సుఖిరా (గీతా)

#### **Tamil**

ப.  $\mathfrak{s}^3$ (தா)ர்த $^2$ மு ஸங் $\mathfrak{s}^3$ (தா)னந்த $^3$ மு(னீ) தாவுன ஜ $^{-}$ ட $^3$ ரா ஓ மனஸா

அ. ஸீதா பதி சர(ணா)ப் $^{3}$ ஜமு(லி) $^{3}$ கொன்ன வா(தா)த்மஜுனிகி பா $^{3}$ க $^{3}$  தெலுஸுரா (க $^{3}$ தா)

ச. ஹரி ஹர பா⁴ஸ்கர கா(லா)தி³ கா்மமு(ல)னு மதமுல மா்மமுல(னெ)ரிங்கி³ன ஹரி வர ரூபுடு³ ஹரி ஹய வினுதுடு³ வர த்யாக³ராஜ வரது³டு³ ஸுகி²ரா (கீ³தா)

கீதையின் பொருளினையும் சங்கீதத்தின் ஆனந்தத்தினையும் இவ்விடத்தினில் காண்பாயடா, ஓ மனமே!

சீதாபதியின் திருவடித் தாமரைகளை யேந்தும் வாயு மைந்தனுக்கு நன்கு தெரியுமடா; கீதையின் பொருளினையும் சங்கீதத்தின் ஆனந்தத்தினையும் இவ்விடத்தினில் காண்பாயடா, ஓ மனமே!

அரி, அரன், பரிதி, சக்தி முதலான கருமங்கள் எனும் மதங்களின் மருமங்களினை யறிந்த உயர் வானர உருவத்தோன், பொற்குதிரையோனால் போற்றப் பெற்றோன், உயர் தியாகராசனுக்கருள்வோன் களிப்பவனடா; கீதையின் பொருளினையும் சங்கீதத்தின் ஆனந்தத்தினையும் இவ்விடத்தினில் காண்பாயடா, ஓ மனமே!

கீதை – கண்ணன் உபதேசித்தது இவ்விடத்தினில் – அனுமனிடத்தினில் கருமங்கள் – அறு மத வழிபாட்டு முறைகளைக் குறிக்கும் அறு மத வழிபாடு – சிவன், விஷ்ணு, சக்தி, சூரியன், கணபதி, முருகன் பொற்குதிரையோன் – இந்திரன் களிப்பவன் – அனுமனைக் குறிக்கும்

#### Kannada

ಪ. ಗೀ(ತಾ)ರ್ಥಮು ಸಂಗೀ(ತಾ)ನನ್ದಮು-(ನೀ) ತಾವುನ ಜೂಡರಾ ಓ ಮನಸಾ

ಆ. ಸೀತಾ ಪತಿ ಚರ(ಣಾ)ಬ್ಜಮು(ಲಿ)ಡುಕೊನ್ನ ವಾ(ತಾ)ತ್ಮಜುನಿಕಿ ಬಾಗ ತೆಲುಸುರಾ (ಗೀತಾ)

ಚ. ಹರಿ ಹರ ಭಾಸ್ಕರ ಕಾ(ಲಾ)ದಿ

ಕರ್ಮಮು(ಲ)ನು ಮತಮುಲ ಮರ್ಮಮುಲ(ನೆ)ರಿಂಗಿನ ಹರಿ ವರ ರೂಪುಡು ಹರಿ ಹಯ ವಿನುತುಡು ವರ ತ್ಯಾಗರಾಜ ವರದುಡು ಸುಖಿರಾ (ಗೀತಾ)

### Malayalam

- പ. ഗീ(താ)ര്ഥമു സംഗീ(താ)നന്ദമു– (നീ) താവുന ജൂഡരാ ഓ മനസാ
- അ. സീതാ പതി ചര(ണാ)ബ്ജമു(ലി)ഡുകൊന്ന വാ(താ)ത്മജുനികി ബാഗ തെലുസുരാ (ഗീതാ)
- ച. ഹരി ഹര ഭാസ്കര കാ(ലാ)ദി കര്മമു(ല)നു മതമുല മര്മമുല(നെ)രിംഗിന ഹരി വര രൂപുഡു ഹരി ഹയ വിനുതുഡു വര ത്യാഗരാജ വരദുഡു സുഖിരാ (ഗീതാ)

#### **Assamese**

- প. গী(তা)র্থমু সংগী(তা)নন্দমু-
  - (নী) তাৱুন জ্ডৰা ও মনসা
- অ. সীতা পতি চৰ(ণা)ব্জমু(লি)ডুকোন্ন ৱা(তা)ত্মজুনিকি বাগ তেলুসুৰা (গীতা)
- চ. হৰি হৰ ভাস্কৰ কালো)দি
  কৰ্মমুলে)নু মতমুল মৰ্মমুল(নে)ৰিংগিন
  হৰি ৱৰ ৰূপুডু হৰি হয় ৱিনুতুডু
  ৱৰ জ্যাগৰাজ ৱৰদুডু সুখিৰা গীতা)

# Bengali

- প. গী(তা)র্থমু সংগী(তা)নন্দমু-
  - (নী) তাবুন জূডরা ও মনসা
- অ. সীতা পতি চর(ণা)ব্জমু(লি)ডুকোর বা(তা)ত্মজুনিকি বাগ তেলুসুরা (গীতা)
- চ. হরি হর ভাস্কর কা(লা)দি কর্মমু(ল)নু মতমূল মর্মমুল(নে)রিংগিন

হরি বর রূপুড়ু হরি হয় বিনুতুড়ু বর অ্যাগরাজ বরদুড়ু সুখিরা (গীতা)

## Gujarati

- પ. ગી(તા)ર્થમુ સંગી(તા)નન્દમુ– (ની) તાવુન જૂડરા ઓ મનસા
- અ. સીતા પતિ ચર(ણા)બ્જમુ(લિ)ડુકૉન્ન વા(તા)ત્મજુનિકિ બાગ તૅલુસુરા (ગીતા)
- ચ. હરિ હર ભારકર કા(લા)િક કર્મમુ(લ)નુ મતમુલ મર્મમુલ(નૅ)િરોગન હરિ વર રૂપુડુ હરિ હય વિનુતુડુ વર ત્યાગરાજ વરદુડુ સુખિરા (ગીતા)

## Oriya

- ପ· ଗୀ(ତା)ର୍ଥମୁ ସଂଗୀ(ତା)ନନ୍ଦମୁ-(ନୀ) ତାୱୁନ ଜୃତରା ଓ ମନସା
- ଅ ସୀତା ପତି ଚରଣା)ବ୍ଜମୁଲି)ଡୁକୋନ୍ ୱା(ତା)ତୁଜୁନିକି ବାଗ ତେଲୁସୁରା (ଗୀତା)
- ଚ ହରି ହର ଭାୟର କାଲୋ)ଦି କର୍ମମୁଲେ)ନୁ ମତମୁଲ ମର୍ମମୁଲ(ନେ)ରିଂଗିନ ହରି ୱର ରୂପୁଡୁ ହରି ହୟ ୱିନୁତୁଡୁ ୱର ତ୍ୟାଗରାଜ ୱରଦୁଡୁ ସୁଖିରା (ଗୀତା)

# Punjabi

- ਪ. ਗੀ(ਤਾ)ਰਥਮੁ ਸੰਗੀ(ਤਾ)ਨਨਦਮੁ-(ਨੀ) ਤਾਵੁਨ ਜੁਡਰਾ ਓ ਮਨਸਾ
- ਅ. ਸੀਤਾ ਪਤਿ ਚਰ(ਣਾ)ਬਜਮੁ(ਲਿ)ਡੁਕੋਂਨ ਵਾ(ਤਾ)ਤਮਜੁਨਿਕਿ ਬਾਗ ਤੇਲਸੂਰਾ (ਗੀਤਾ)
- ਚ. ਹਰਿ ਹਰ ਭਾਸਕਰ ਕਾ(ਲਾ)ਦਿ

ਕਰਮਮੁ(ਲ)ਨੁ ਮਤਮੁਲ ਮਰਮਮੁਲ(ਨੇ)ਰਿੰਗਿਨ ਹਰਿ ਵਰ ਰੂਪੁਡੁ ਹਰਿ ਹਯ ਵਿਨੁਤੁਡੁ ਵਰ ਤੁਸਾਗਰਾਜ ਵਰਦੁਡੁ ਸੁਖਿਰਾ (ਗੀਤਾ)